Answers

<u>Instructions</u>: Show all steps that lead to your solution. Check your answer on the blog.

## Section 3-8

### Definitions:

- > Function
- > Domain
- > Range

#### SKILLS TO KNOW:

- Graph a function over a given domain.
- Evaluate a function at a given input, for example, find f(2) if f(x) = x + 3
- Evaluate composite functions, for example find f(g(3)) if f(x) = x + 3 and g(x) = 2x 5.
- Determine the range of a function over a given domain.
- Determine the domain of a function by finding the places where it "blows up" (becomes undefined).
- 1. Given that  $f(x) = -3x^2 + 10$  and g(x) = |x-4| 6, find the following:

(A) 
$$f(-2) = -2$$

(B) 
$$f(4) = -38$$

(C) 
$$f(0) = 0$$

(D) 
$$g(-6) = 4$$

(E) 
$$g(4) = -6$$

(F) 
$$g(0) = -2$$

(G) 
$$g(f(3)) = 15$$

(H) 
$$f(g(-2)) > 0$$

(I) 
$$g(g(g(-2))) = 0$$

(J) 
$$(f+g)(2) = -6$$

(K) 
$$(f-g)(3) = -12$$

(L) 
$$(f \cdot g)(-2) = 0$$

(M) 
$$(f/g)(4) = \frac{19}{3}$$

(N) 
$$f(2g(-3)) = -2$$

2. Find the domain of each function.

$$(A) \quad f(x) = \sqrt{3x - 2}$$

(B) 
$$g(x) = \frac{2}{(x-1)(x+4)}$$

(C) 
$$h(x) = \frac{\sqrt{3-x}}{x^2 - 25}$$

{x: x \le 3, x \neq -5} (you do not need to state that

3. Find the range of F(x) = |1 - x| over the domain  $D = \{-2, -1, 0, 1, 2\}$ 

# Section 3-9

### **Definitions:**

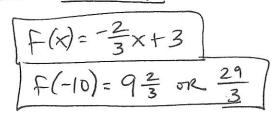
- > linear function
- > constant function,
- > rate of change

#### SKILLS TO KNOW:

- Determine the equation of a linear function based on given information, for example either the slope and a point or two points.
- Evaluate functions after finding the equation of the function.
- Solve word problems by creating a linear function and evaluating it according to the problem.
- Find an equation of the linear function f for the given information and find f(-10) for each. 1.

(A) 
$$f(0) = 3$$
 and  $f(x)$  decreases by 2 when x increases by 3.  
 $b = 3$   $m = -\frac{2}{3}$   $f(x) = -\frac{2}{3} \times + \frac{2}{3}$ 

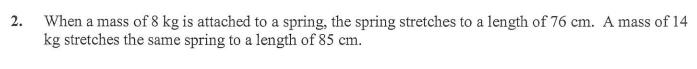
$$m = -\frac{2}{3}$$



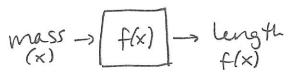
(B) 
$$f(4) = -5$$
 and  $f(-3) = 3$   
 $(4, -5)$   $(-3, 3)$ 

$$f(x) = -\frac{8}{7}x - \frac{3}{7}$$

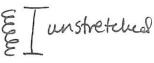
$$f(-10) = 11$$



(A) Draw a function box and label the input and output with words and a variable. Think about what is happening...when you hang a weight on a spring, it stretches.



full Estretch E



(B) Find a linear function using the given information.

$$f(mass) = length$$
  
 $f(x) = \frac{3}{2} \times + 64$ 

(C) Find the natural (un-stretched) length of the spring

- 3. Suppose the number of hours an algebra student studies and the grade on a test is a linear function. A student who spent 1 hour studying earned a 76. A student who spent 3 hours earned an 88.
  - (A) Find a linear function using the given information. Think about the input and output first.

$$f(hours) = grade f(1) = 76 f(3) = 88$$
  
 $f(x) = lex - 70$ 

(B) What score would a student who studied for 4 hours earn?

(C) How many hours would a student need to study to earn a grade of 80?

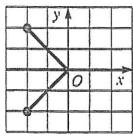
### Definitions:

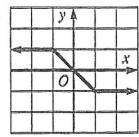
- > relation
- > function
- > vertical lines test

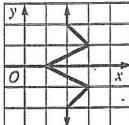
#### SKILLS TO KNOW:

- Determine if a relation is a function by inspecting the ordered pairs or using the vertical line test on a graph of the function.
- Find the domain of a relation, graph it, and determine if it is a function.
- <u>2-4</u>: Give the domain and range of each function shown. Then state whether it is a function or not.









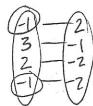
$$D = \{x: -2 \le x \le 0\}$$

$$R = \{y: -2 \le y \le 2\}$$

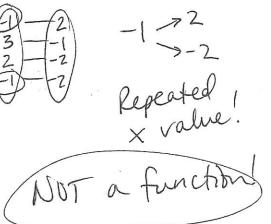
9-10: Determine if each relation is a function. If not, state why.

9. 
$$\{(-1, 2), (3, -1), (2, -2), (-1, -2)\}$$

10. 
$$\{(1, 3), (3, -1), (1, -1), (-2, -1)\}$$



$$-1 > 2$$



Pepeated
Repeated
Not a function!

## Section 10-3

#### **Definitions:**

## Composite

## Composition

### Inverse function

SKILLS TO KNOW:

- Find the *composite* of two functions: h(x) = f(g(x)).
- State the meaning on inverse functions: Two functions are inverses only if f(g(x)) = x and g(f(x)) = x.
- Simple example:  $f(x) = x^2$  and  $g(x) = \sqrt{x}$  because  $f(g(x)) = (\sqrt{x})^2 = x$  and  $g(f(x)) = \sqrt{x^2} = x$ .
- Find the inverse of a function, if it exists: (1) write y = f(x); (2) swap x and y; (3) solve for y; (4) replace y with  $f^{1}(x)$ ; (5) check the domains
- <u>1-2</u>: Suppose  $f(x) = \frac{x}{2}$ , g(x) = x 3, and  $h(x) = \sqrt{x}$ . Find a real-number value or an expression in x for each of the following. If no real value can be found, say so.

1. a. 
$$h(f(72)) = 6$$

b. 
$$h(f(50)) = 5$$

c. 
$$h(f(x)) = \sqrt{\frac{x}{2}}$$

$$d. f(f(x)) = \frac{X}{Y}$$

2. a. 
$$g(h(9)) = \bigcirc$$

b. 
$$g(h(3)) = \sqrt{3} - 3$$
 c.  $g(h(x)) = \sqrt{x} - 3$ 

c. 
$$g(h(x))=\sqrt{x}-3$$

d. 
$$g(g(x))$$

<u>3-5</u>: Find the inverse of each function algebraically.

$$3. f(x) = 2x - 3$$

4. 
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x-1}$$

$$5. h(x) = 2x^3 - 1$$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt[3]{x+1}$$